



Transair: Advanced pipe systems for Industrial Fluids

Air Quality Standards

aerospace
climate control
electromechanical
filtration
fluid & gas handling
hydraulics
pneumatics
process control
sealing & shielding



ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.

THE INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS FOR COMPRESSED AIR QUALITY

The most common ISO standards used for compressed air quality are:

ISO8573 Series

is the most commonly used standard and in particular ISO8573-1:2010, used to specify the purity of air required at a particular point of use.

ISO12500 Series: is used to verify performance of filters.

ISO7183 Series: is used to verify performance of dryers.

ISO8573-1 is the primary document used from the **ISO8573 series**, as it is this document which specifies the amount of contamination allowed in each cubic metre of compressed air.

ISO8573-1 lists the main contaminants as Solid Particulate, Water and Oil. The purity levels for each contaminant are shown separately in tabular form, however for ease of use, this document combines all three contaminants into one easy to use table.

ISO8573-1:2010 CLASS	Solid Particulate				Water		Oil
	Maximum number of particles per m³			Mass Concentration mg/ m³	Vapour Pressure Dewpoint	Liquid g/m³	Total Oil (aerosol liquid and vapour)
	0.1 – 0.5 µm	0.5 – 1 µm	1 – 5 µm				mg/ m³
0	As specified by the equipment user or supplier and more stringent than Class 1						
1	≤ 20,000	≤ 400	≤ 10	-	≤ - 70°C	-	0.01
2	≤ 400,000	≤ 6,000	≤ 100	-	≤ - 40°C	-	0.1
3	-	≤ 90,000	≤ 1,000	-	≤ - 20°C	-	1
4	-	-	≤ 10,000	-	≤ +3°C	-	5
5	-	-	≤ 100,000	-	≤ +7°C	-	-
6	-	-	-	≤ 5	≤ +10°C	-	-
7	-	-	-	5-10	-	≤ 0.5	-
8	-	-	-	-	-	0.5 - 5	-
9	-	-	-	-	-	5 - 10	-
X	-	-	-	> 10	-	> 10	> 10

ISO8573-1:2010 Class zero

- Class 0 does not mean zero contamination
- Class 0 requires the user and the equipment manufacturer to agree contamination levels as part of a written specification
- The agreed contamination levels for a Class 0 specification should be within the measurement capabilities of the test equipment and test methods shown in ISO8573 Pt 2 to Pt 9
- The agreed Class 0 specification must be written on all documentation to be in accordance with the standard
- Stating Class 0 without the agreed specification is meaningless and not in accordance with the standard
- A number of compressor manufacturers claim that the delivered air from their oil-free compressors is in compliance with Class 0
- If the compressor was tested in clean room conditions, the contamination detected at the outlet will be minimal. Should the same compressor now be installed in typical urban environment, the level of contamination will be dependent upon what is drawn into the compressor intake, rendering the Class 0 claim invalid
- A compressor delivering air to Class 0 will still require purification equipment in both the compressor room and at the point of use for the Class 0 purity to be maintained at the application
- Air for critical applications such as breathing, medical, food, etc typically only requires air quality to Class 2.2.1 or Class 2.1.1
- Purification of air to meet a Class 0 specification is only cost effective if carried out at the point of use.

Specifying air purity in accordance with ISO8573-1:2010

When specifying the purity of air required, the standard must always be referenced, followed by the purity class selected for each contaminant (a different purity class can be selected for each contaminant if required). An example of how to write an air quality specification is shown below :

ISO 8573-1:2010 Class 1.2.1

ISO 8573-1:2010 refers to the standard document and its revision, the three digits refer to the purity classifications selected for solid particulate, water and total oil. Selecting a air purity class of 1.2.1 would specify the following air quality when operating at the standard's reference conditions:

Class 1 Particulate

In each cubic metre of compressed air, the particulate count should not exceed 20,000 particles in the 0.1 - 0.5 micron size range, 400 particles in the 0.5 - 1 micron size range and 10 particles in the 1 - 5 micron size range.

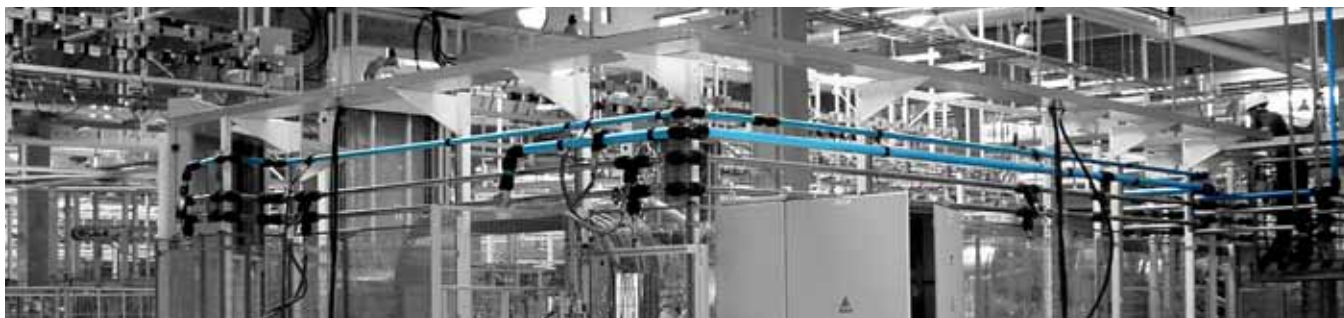
Class 2 Water

A pressure dew point (PDP) of -40°C or better is required and no liquid water is allowed.

Class 1 Oil

In each cubic metre of compressed air, not more than 0.01mg of oil is allowed. This is a total level for liquid oil, oil aerosol and oil vapour.

TRANSAIR CAPABILITIES ON AIR QUALITY



ISO8573-1:2010 CLASS	Solid Particulate				Water		Oil
	Maximum number of particles per m³			Mass Concentration mg/ m³	Vapour Pressure Dewpoint	Liquid g/m³	Total Oil (aerosol liquid and vapour)
	0.1 – 0.5 µm	0.5 – 1 µm	1 – 5 µm				mg/ m³
0	As specified by the equipment user or supplier and more stringent than Class 1						
1	OK*	OK*	OK*	-	OK**	-	OK
2	OK	OK	OK	-	OK	-	OK
3	-	OK	OK	-	OK	-	OK
4	-	-	OK	-	OK	-	OK
5	-	-	OK	-	OK	-	-
6	-	-	-	OK	OK	-	-
7	-	-	-	OK	-	OK	-
8	-	-	-	-	-	OK	-
9	-	-	-	-	-	OK	-
X	-	-	-	OK	-	OK	OK

* : Transair in line with standard after 1 purge

** : Transair in line with standard depending on the atmospheric conditions

> Reminder

1. Purification equipment is installed to provide air quality and you must first of all identify the quality of compressed air required for your system. Each usage point in the system may require a different quality of compressed air dependent upon the application. Using the quality classification's shown in ISO8573-1:2010 will assist your equipment supplier to quickly and easily select the correct purification equipment necessary for each part of the system.

2. ISO8573-1:2010 is the latest edition of the standard. Ensure it is written in full when contacting suppliers. Specifying air quality as ISO8573-1, ISO8573-1:1991 or ISO8573-1:2001 refers to the previous editions of the standard and may result in a different quality of delivered compressed air.

3. Ensure that the equipment under consideration will actually provide delivered air quality in accordance with the quality classifications you have selected from ISO8573-1:2010.

4. A Transair piping system cannot replace purification devices, it only maintains the quality of air delivered by separators, filters and dryers.

5. Ask for independent validation of product performance by a third party.

6. For a complete study of your purification system please contact us.

7. The installation must include only Transair products

8. The installation must comply with Parker Transair instructions and recommendations



TRANSAIR: Advanced pipe systems



Aluminium range:

Calibrated aluminium pipes

Qualicoat painting

Diameters (in mm)

16,5 - 25 - 40 - 63 - 76 - 100 - 168

Colours

Available in blue - grey - green
Other colours upon request

Maximum working pressure

16 bar (up to 100 mm - up to 45°C)
13 bar (up to 100 mm - up to 60°C)
12 bar (up to 168 mm - up to 60°C)

Working temperature

-20° C to 60° C

NBR seals

Compatibilities

Lubricated or oil-free compressed air, industrial vacuum, inert gases.

Stainless steel range:

Stainless steel pipes

AISI 304 or 316L

Diameters (in mm)

22 - 28 - 42 - 60 - 76 - 100

Maximum working pressure

10 bar (up to 60°C)
7 bar (up to 90°C)

Working temperature

-10° C to 90° C

EPDM or FKM seals

Compatibilities

Cooling water, industrial water with additives, lubricating oil, compressed air, inert gases.

Certification



TRANSAIR: Tools and services



The Transair Flow Calculator

- defines the recommended diameter for your project
- estimates your pressure drops
- gives the maximum flow rate by diameter



The Transair Energy Efficiency Calculator

evaluates the energy cost of your network and return on investment of a Transair solution.



CAD drawings

you can view or download in real time Transair product plans in 2D or 3D.



Our Website: www.parkertransair.com

gives you access to extensive information about the Transair solution, technical data, examples of existing networks and a download center for catalogues, manuals, software and brochures.



Our quotation service

transair.quotation@parker.com

studies on demand your project and gives you a budgeted or detailed quotation for its implementation.

Parker Worldwide

Europe, Middle East, Africa

AE – United Arab Emirates, Dubai
Tel: +971 4 8127100
parker.me@parker.com

AT – Austria, Wiener Neustadt
Tel: +43 (0)2622 23501-0
parker.austria@parker.com

AT – Eastern Europe, Wiener Neustadt
Tel: +43 (0)2622 23501 900
parker.easteurope@parker.com

AZ – Azerbaijan, Baku
Tel: +994 50 2233 458
parker.azerbaijan@parker.com

BE/LU – Belgium, Nivelles
Tel: +32 (0)67 280 900
parker.belgium@parker.com

BY – Belarus, Minsk
Tel: +375 17 209 9399
parker.belarus@parker.com

CH – Switzerland, Etoy
Tel: +41 (0)21 821 87 00
parker.switzerland@parker.com

CZ – Czech Republic, Klecany
Tel: +420 284 083 111
parker.czechrepublic@parker.com

DE – Germany, Kaarst
Tel: +49 (0)2131 4016 0
parker.germany@parker.com

DK – Denmark, Ballerup
Tel: +45 43 56 04 00
parker.denmark@parker.com

ES – Spain, Madrid
Tel: +34 902 330 001
parker.spain@parker.com

FI – Finland, Vantaa
Tel: +358 (0)20 753 2500
parker.finland@parker.com

FR – France, Contamine s/Arve
Tel: +33 (0)4 50 25 80 25
parker.france@parker.com

GR – Greece, Athens
Tel: +30 210 933 6450
parker.greece@parker.com

HU – Hungary, Budapest
Tel: +36 1 220 4155
parker.hungary@parker.com

IE – Ireland, Dublin
Tel: +353 (0)1 466 6370
parker.ireland@parker.com

IT – Italy, Corsico (MI)
Tel: +39 02 45 19 21
parker.italy@parker.com

KZ – Kazakhstan, Almaty
Tel: +7 7272 505 800
parker.easteurope@parker.com

NL – The Netherlands, Oldenzaal
Tel: +31 (0)541 585 000
parker.nl@parker.com

NO – Norway, Asker
Tel: +47 66 75 34 00
parker.norway@parker.com

PL – Poland, Warsaw
Tel: +48 (0)22 573 24 00
parker.poland@parker.com

PT – Portugal, Leca da Palmeira
Tel: +351 22 999 7360
parker.portugal@parker.com

RO – Romania, Bucharest
Tel: +40 21 252 1382
parker.romania@parker.com

RU – Russia, Moscow
Tel: +7 495 645-2156
parker.russia@parker.com

SE – Sweden, Spånga
Tel: +46 (0)8 59 79 50 00
parker.sweden@parker.com

SK – Slovakia, Banská Bystrica
Tel: +421 484 162 252
parker.slovakia@parker.com

SL – Slovenia, Novo Mesto
Tel: +386 7 337 6650
parker.slovenia@parker.com

TR – Turkey, Istanbul
Tel: +90 216 4997081
parker.turkey@parker.com

UA – Ukraine, Kiev
Tel: +380 44 494 2731
parker.ukraine@parker.com

UK – United Kingdom, Warwick
Tel: +44 (0)1926 317 878
parker.uk@parker.com

ZA – South Africa, Kempton Park
Tel: +27 (0)11 961 0700
parker.southafrica@parker.com

North America

CA – Canada, Milton, Ontario
Tel: +1 905 693 3000

US – USA, Cleveland
Tel: +1 216 896 3000

Asia Pacific

AU – Australia, Castle Hill
Tel: +61 (0)2-9634 7777

CN – China, Shanghai
Tel: +86 21 2899 5000

HK – Hong Kong
Tel: +852 2428 8008

IN – India, Gurgaon
Tel: +91 124 459 0600
legris.india@parker.com

JP – Japan, Tokyo
Tel: +81 (0)3 6408 3901

KR – South Korea, Seoul
Tel: +82 2 559 0400

MY – Malaysia, Shah Alam
Tel: +60 3 7849 0800

NZ – New Zealand, Mt Wellington
Tel: +64 9 574 1744

SG – Singapore
Tel: +65 6887 6300

TH – Thailand, Bangkok
Tel: +662 186 7000-99

TW – Taiwan, Taipei
Tel: +886 2 2298 8987

South America

AR – Argentina, Buenos Aires
Tel: +54 3327 44 4129

BR – Brazil, Sao Jose dos Campos
Tel: +55 800 727 5374

CL – Chile, Santiago
Tel: +56 2 623 1216

MX – Mexico, Apodaca
Tel: +52 81 8156 6000

European Product Information Centre
Free phone: 00 800 27 27 5374
(from AT, BE, CH, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI,
FR, IE, IL, IS, IT, LU, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RU,
SE, SK, UK, ZA)

